

California Social Studies Standards

United States History and Geography: Continuity and Change in the Twentieth Century	Boardworks U.S. History presentations
11.1 Students analyze the significant events in the founding of the nation and its attempts to realize the philosophy of government described in the Declaration of Independence.	
1. Describe the Enlightenment and the rise of democratic ideas as the context in which the nation was founded.	Colonization and Settlement part 3 The War for Independence part 1 The War for Independence part 2 The War for Independence part 3 The New Nation part 1 The New Nation part 2
2. Analyze the ideological origins of the American Revolution, the Founding Fathers' philosophy of divinely bestowed unalienable natural rights, the debates on the drafting and ratification of the Constitution, and the addition of the Bill of Rights.	The War for Independence part 1 The War for Independence part 2 The War for Independence part 3 The New Nation part 1 The New Nation part 2
3. Understand the history of the Constitution after 1787 with emphasis on federal versus state authority and growing democratization.	The New Nation part 2 The New Nation part 3 A United Nation? part 2
4. Examine the effects of the Civil War and Reconstruction and of the industrial revolution, including demographic shifts and the emergence in the late nineteenth century of the United States as a world power.	The Civil War part 3 Legacy and Reconstruction part 1 Legacy and Reconstruction part 2 Legacy and Reconstruction part 3 Industrialization part 1 Industrialization part 2 The Gilded Age part 1 The Gilded Age part 4 The Progressive Era part 1 America Becomes a World Power part 1 America Becomes a World Power part 2 America Becomes a World Power part 3

11.2 Students analyze the relationship among the rise of industrialization, large-scale rural-to-urban migration, and massive immigration from Southern and Eastern Europe.	
1. Know the effects of industrialization on living and working conditions, including the portrayal of working conditions and food safety in Upton Sinclair’s The Jungle.	Industrialization part 1 Industrialization part 2 Industrialization part 3 The Gilded Age part 1 The Gilded Age part 2 The Gilded Age part 3 The Gilded Age part 4 The Progressive Era part 1 The Progressive Era part 2 The Progressive Era part 3
2. Describe the changing landscape, including the growth of cities linked by industry and trade, and the development of cities divided according to race, ethnicity, and class.	Industrialization part 1 Industrialization part 2 The Gilded Age part 1 The Gilded Age part 2 The Gilded Age part 3 The Progressive Era part 1
3. Trace the effect of the Americanization movement.	Westward Expansion part 3 The Gilded Age part 1 The Gilded Age part 3 Civil Rights part 3
4. Analyze the effect of urban political machines and responses to them by immigrants and middle-class reformers.	The Gilded Age part 1 The Progressive Era part 1 The Progressive Era part 3
5. Discuss corporate mergers that produced trusts and cartels and the economic and political policies of industrial leaders.	Industrialization part 2 Industrialization part 3 The Gilded Age part 4 The Progressive Era part 3

6. Trace the economic development of the United States and its emergence as a major industrial power, including its gains from trade and the advantages of its physical geography.	Industrialization part 1 Industrialization part 2 The Gilded Age part 1 The Gilded Age part 3 The Gilded Age part 4 The Progressive Era part 1 The Progressive Era part 2 The Progressive Era part 3 America Becomes a World Power part 1 America Becomes a World Power part 2 America Becomes a World Power part 2
7. Analyze the similarities and differences between the ideologies of Social Darwinism and Social Gospel (e.g., using biographies of William Graham Sumner, Billy Sunday, Dwight L. Moody).	–
8. Examine the effect of political programs and activities of Populists.	The Gilded Age part 4
9. Understand the effect of political programs and activities of the Progressives (e.g., federal regulation of railroad transport, Children’s Bureau, the Sixteenth Amendment, Theodore Roosevelt, Hiram Johnson).	Progressive Era part 1 Progressive Era part 2 Progressive Era part 3
11.3 Students analyze the role religion played in the founding of America, its lasting moral, social, and political impacts, and issues regarding religious liberty.	
1. Describe the contributions of various religious groups to American civic principles and social reform movements (e.g., civil and human rights, individual responsibility and the work ethic, antimonarchy and self-rule, worker protection, family-centered communities).	A United Nation? part 3 An Era of Social Change part 2 Civil Rights part 2 Limits and Conservatism part 3
2. Analyze the great religious revivals and the leaders involved in them, including the First Great Awakening, the Second Great Awakening, the Civil War revivals, the Social Gospel Movement, the rise of Christian liberal theology in the nineteenth century, the impact of the Second Vatican Council, and the rise of Christian fundamentalism in current times.	Colonization and Settlement part 2 Colonization and Settlement part 3 A United Nation? part 3 An Era of Social Change part 2 Limits and Conservatism part 3
3. Cite incidences of religious intolerance in the United States (e.g., persecution of Mormons, anti-Catholic sentiment, anti-Semitism).	Colonization and Settlement part 2 A United Nation? part 3 The Gilded Age part 1 The Roaring Twenties part 3
4. Discuss the expanding religious pluralism in the United States and California that resulted from large-scale immigration in the twentieth century.	The Gilded Age part 1 The Roaring Twenties part 3

5. Describe the principles of religious liberty found in the Establishment and Free Exercise clauses of the First Amendment, including the debate on the issue of separation of church and state.	The New Nation part 2 An Era of Social Change part 2
11.4 Students trace the rise of the United States to its role as a world power in the twentieth century.	
1. List the purpose and the effects of the Open Door policy.	America Becomes a World Power part 3
2. Describe the Spanish-American War and U.S. expansion in the South Pacific.	America Becomes a World Power part 2
3. Discuss America's role in the Panama Revolution and the building of the Panama Canal.	America Becomes a World Power part 3
4. Explain Theodore Roosevelt's Big Stick diplomacy, William Taft's Dollar Diplomacy, and Woodrow Wilson's Moral Diplomacy, drawing on relevant speeches.	America Becomes a World Power part 3
5. Analyze the political, economic, and social ramifications of World War I on the home front.	World War I part 2 World War I part 3 The Roaring Twenties part 1
6. Trace the declining role of Great Britain and the expanding role of the United States in world affairs after World War II.	Reactions to World War II part 3 The Cold War part 1 The Cold War part 2 The Cold War part 3 The Vietnam War part 1 The Vietnam War part 2 The Vietnam War part 3 International Diplomacy part 1 International Diplomacy part 2 International Diplomacy part 3 America as Hyperpower part 1
11.5 Students analyze the major political, social, economic, technological, and cultural developments of the 1920s.	
1. Discuss the policies of Presidents Warren Harding, Calvin Coolidge, and Herbert Hoover.	The Roaring Twenties part 1 The Roaring Twenties part 3 The Great Depression part 1 The Great Depression part 2
2. Analyze the international and domestic events, interests, and philosophies that prompted attacks on civil liberties, including the Palmer Raids, Marcus Garvey's "back-to-Africa" movement, the Ku Klux Klan, and immigration quotas and the responses of organizations such as the American Civil Liberties Union, the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, and the Anti-Defamation League to those attacks.	The Progressive Era part 2 The Roaring Twenties part 3

3. Examine the passage of the Eighteenth Amendment to the Constitution and the Volstead Act (Prohibition).	The Roaring Twenties part 3
4. Analyze the passage of the Nineteenth Amendment and the changing role of women in society.	The Progressive Era part 2 The Roaring Twenties part 2
5. Describe the Harlem Renaissance and new trends in literature, music, and art, with special attention to the work of writers (e.g., Zora Neale Hurston, Langston Hughes).	The Roaring Twenties part 2
6. Trace the growth and effects of radio and movies and their role in the worldwide diffusion of popular culture.	The Roaring Twenties part 2 The Great Depression part 3
7. Discuss the rise of mass production techniques, the growth of cities, the impact of new technologies (e.g., the automobile, electricity), and the resulting prosperity and effect on the American landscape.	The Roaring Twenties part 1 The Roaring Twenties part 2
11.6 Students analyze the different explanations for the Great Depression and how the New Deal fundamentally changed the role of the federal government.	
1. Describe the monetary issues of the late nineteenth and early twentieth centuries that gave rise to the establishment of the Federal Reserve and the weaknesses in key sectors of the economy in the late 1920s.	The Progressive Era part 3 The Roaring Twenties part 1 The Great Depression part 1
2. Understand the explanations of the principal causes of the Great Depression and the steps taken by the Federal Reserve, Congress, and Presidents Herbert Hoover and Franklin Delano Roosevelt to combat the economic crisis.	The Great Depression part 1 The Great Depression part 2 The Great Depression part 3 The New Deal part 1 The New Deal part 2 The New Deal part 3
3. Discuss the human toll of the Depression, natural disasters, and unwise agricultural practices and their effects on the depopulation of rural regions and on political movements of the left and right, with particular attention to the Dust Bowl refugees and their social and economic impacts in California.	The Great Depression part 2 The Great Depression part 3
4. Analyze the effects of and the controversies arising from New Deal economic policies and the expanded role of the federal government in society and the economy since the 1930s (e.g., Works Progress Administration, Social Security, National Labor Relations Board, farm programs, regional development policies, and energy development projects such as the Tennessee Valley Authority, California Central Valley Project, and Bonneville Dam).	The New Deal part 1 The New Deal part 2 The New Deal part 3
5. Trace the advances and retreats of organized labor, from the creation of the American Federation of Labor and the Congress of Industrial Organizations to current issues of a postindustrial, multinational economy, including the United Farm Workers in California	The New Deal part 2
11.7 Students analyze America's participation in World War II.	

1. Examine the origins of American involvement in the war, with an emphasis on the events that precipitated the attack on Pearl Harbor.	World War II part 1 World War II part 2 World War II part 3
2. Explain U.S. and Allied wartime strategy, including the major battles of Midway, Normandy, Iwo Jima, Okinawa, and the Battle of the Bulge.	World War II part 1 World War II part 2 World War II part 3 World War II part 4
3. Identify the roles and sacrifices of individual American soldiers, as well as the unique contributions of the special fighting forces (e.g., the Tuskegee Airmen, the 442nd Regimental Combat team, the Navajo Code Talkers).	World War II part 2 World War II part 3 Reactions to World War II part 1
4. Analyze Roosevelt's foreign policy during World War II (e.g., Four Freedoms speech).	World War II part 2 World War II part 4
5. Discuss the constitutional issues and impact of events on the U.S. home front, including the internment of Japanese Americans (e.g., Fred Korematsu v. United States of America) and the restrictions on German and Italian resident aliens; the response of the administration to Hitler's atrocities against Jews and other groups; the roles of women in military production; and the roles and growing political demands of African Americans.	Reactions to World War II part 1 Reactions to World War II part 2 Reactions to World War II part 3
6. Describe major developments in aviation, weaponry, communication, and medicine and the war's impact on the location of American industry and use of resources.	World War II part 3 Reactions to World War II part 1 Reactions to World War II part 2
7. Discuss the decision to drop atomic bombs and the consequences of the decision (Hiroshima and Nagasaki).	World War II part 3
8. Analyze the effect of massive aid given to Western Europe under the Marshall Plan to rebuild itself after the war and the importance of a rebuilt Europe to the U.S. economy.	The Cold War part 1
11.8 Students analyze the economic boom and social transformation of post–World War II America.	
1. Trace the growth of service sector, white collar, and professional sector jobs in business and government.	An Era of Social Change part 1
2. Describe the significance of Mexican immigration and its relationship to the agricultural economy, especially in California.	An Era of Social Change part 2 Civil Rights part 3 Limits and Conservatism part 3
3. Examine Truman's labor policy and congressional reaction to it.	Reactions to World War II part 2 An Era of Social Change part 1

4. Analyze new federal government spending on defense, welfare, interest on the national debt, and federal and state spending on education, including the California Master Plan.	The Cold War part 1 The Cold War part 2 The Cold War part 3 An Era of Social Change part 1 An Era of Social Change part 2 An Era of Social Change part 3
5. Describe the increased powers of the presidency in response to the Great Depression, World War II, and the Cold War.	The Vietnam War part 3 Limits and Conservatism part 1 International Diplomacy part 1
6. Discuss the diverse environmental regions of North America, their relationship to local economies, and the origins and prospects of environmental problems in those regions.	–
7. Describe the effects on society and the economy of technological developments since 1945, including the computer revolution, changes in communication, advances in medicine, and improvements in agricultural technology.	An Era of Social Change part 1 An Era of Social Change part 2 America as Hyperpower part 2
8. Discuss forms of popular culture, with emphasis on their origins and geographic diffusion (e.g., jazz and other forms of popular music, professional sports, architectural and artistic styles).	An Era of Social Change part 2
11.9 Students analyze U.S. foreign policy since World War II.	
1. Discuss the establishment of the United Nations and International Declaration of Human Rights, International Monetary Fund, World Bank, and General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) and their importance in shaping modern Europe and maintaining peace and international order.	World War II part 4
2. Understand the role of military alliances, including NATO and SEATO, in deterring communist aggression and maintaining security during the Cold War.	The Cold War part 2
3. Trace the origins and geopolitical consequences (foreign and domestic) of the Cold War and containment policy, including the following:	
The era of McCarthyism, instances of domestic Communism (e.g., Alger Hiss) and blacklisting	The Cold War part 2
The Truman Doctrine	The Cold War part 1
The Berlin Blockade	The Cold War part 2
The Korean War	The Cold War part 2
The Bay of Pigs invasion and the Cuban Missile Crisis	The Cold War part 3
Atomic testing in the American West, the “mutual assured destruction” doctrine, and disarmament policies	The Cold War part 1 The Cold War part 2 International Diplomacy part 1

The Vietnam War	The Cold War part 3 The Vietnam War part 1 The Vietnam War part 2 The Vietnam War part 3 International Diplomacy part 1
Latin American policy	International Diplomacy part 3
4. List the effects of foreign policy on domestic policies and vice versa (e.g., protests during the war in Vietnam, the “nuclear freeze” movement).	The Cold War part 2 The Vietnam War part 3 An Era of Social Change part 3 International Diplomacy part 2 Limits and Conservatism part 2 America as Hyperpower part 1
5. Analyze the role of the Reagan administration and other factors in the victory of the West in the Cold War.	The Cold War part 3 International Diplomacy part 1 International Diplomacy part 3
6. Describe U.S. Middle East policy and its strategic, political, and economic interests, including those related to the Gulf War.	International Diplomacy part 2 International Diplomacy part 3 America as Hyperpower part 1
7. Examine relations between the United States and Mexico in the twentieth century, including key economic, political, immigration, and environmental issues.	–
11.10 Students analyze the development of federal civil rights and voting rights.	
1. Explain how demands of African Americans helped produce a stimulus for civil rights, including President Roosevelt’s ban on racial discrimination in defense industries in 1941, and how African Americans’ service in World War II produced a stimulus for President Truman’s decision to end segregation in the armed forces in 1948.	Reactions to World War II part 1 Reactions to World War II part 2 An Era of Social Change part 1 An Era of Social Change part 2 An Era of Social Change part 3
2. Examine and analyze the key events, policies, and court cases in the evolution of civil rights, including Dred Scott v. Sandford, Plessy v. Ferguson, Brown v. Board of Education, Regents of the University of California v. Bakke, and California Proposition 209.	The Civil War part 2 The Gilded Age part 2 An Era of Social Change part 2 Civil Rights part 1 Civil Rights part 2 Civil Rights part 3
3. Describe the collaboration on legal strategy between African American and white civil rights lawyers to end racial segregation in higher education.	–

4. Examine the roles of civil rights advocates (e.g., A. Philip Randolph, Martin Luther King, Jr., Malcom X, Thurgood Marshall, James Farmer, Rosa Parks), including the significance of Martin Luther King, Jr.'s "Letter from Birmingham Jail" and "I Have a Dream" speech.	Reactions to World War II part 2 An Era of Social Change part 2 Civil Rights part 1 Civil Rights part 2
5. Discuss the diffusion of the civil rights movement of African Americans from the churches of the rural South and the urban North, including the resistance to racial desegregation in Little Rock and Birmingham, and how the advances influenced the agendas, strategies, and effectiveness of the quests of American Indians, Asian Americans, and Hispanic Americans for civil rights and equal opportunities.	Civil Rights part 1 Civil Rights part 2 Civil Rights part 3
6. Analyze the passage and effects of civil rights and voting rights legislation (e.g., 1964 Civil Rights Act, Voting Rights Act of 1965) and the Twenty-Fourth Amendment, with an emphasis on equality of access to education and to the political process.	An Era of Social Change part 2 An Era of Social Change part 3 Civil Rights part 1 Civil Rights part 2
7. Analyze the women's rights movement from the era of Elizabeth Stanton and Susan Anthony and the passage of the Nineteenth Amendment to the movement launched in the 1960s, including differing perspectives on the roles of women.	A United Nation? part 3 The Gilded Age part 2 The Progressive Era part 2 The Roaring Twenties part 2 Civil Rights part 3
11.11 Students analyze the major social problems and domestic policy issues in contemporary American society.	
1. Discuss the reasons for the nation's changing immigration policy, with emphasis on how the Immigration Act of 1965 and successor acts have transformed American society.	Reactions to World War II part 2 An Era of Social Change part 3 Civil Rights part 3 Limits and Conservatism part 3 America as Hyperpower part 2
2. Discuss the significant domestic policy speeches of Truman, Eisenhower, Kennedy, Johnson, Nixon, Carter, Reagan, Bush, and Clinton (e.g., with regard to education, civil rights, economic policy, environmental policy).	An Era of Social Change part 3 Limits and Conservatism part 1
3. Describe the changing roles of women in society as reflected in the entry of more women into the labor force and the changing family structure.	Reactions to World War II part 1 Reactions to World War II part 2 An Era of Social Change part 2 An Era of Social Change part 3 Civil Rights part 3
4. Explain the constitutional crisis originating from the Watergate scandal.	Limits and Conservatism part 1

<p>5. Trace the impact of, need for, and controversies associated with environmental conservation, expansion of the national park system, and the development of environmental protection laws, with particular attention to the interaction between environmental protection advocates and property rights advocates.</p>	<p>An Era of Social Change part 3 Limits and Conservatism part 1 Limits and Conservatism part 2 America as Hyperpower part 2</p>
<p>6. Analyze the persistence of poverty and how different analyses of this issue influence welfare reform, health insurance reform, and other social policies.</p>	<p>An Era of Social Change part 1 An Era of Social Change part 3 America as Hyperpower part 2 America as Hyperpower part 3</p>
<p>7. Explain how the federal, state, and local governments have responded to demographic and social changes such as population shifts to the suburbs, racial concentrations in the cities, Frostbelt-to-Sunbelt migration, international migration, decline of family farms, increases in out-of-wedlock births, and drug abuse.</p>	<p>Reactions to World War II part 2 An Era of Social Change part 1 An Era of Social Change part 2 An Era of Social Change part 3 Civil Rights part 1 Civil Rights part 2 Civil Rights part 3 Limits and Conservatism part 3 America as Hyperpower part 2</p>